Service evaluation to promote healthy eating and improve the nutrition and health of residents with a learning disability, especially those who are overweight/obese, in a care home

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Background

- •Adults with a learning disability: poor diet, higher prevalence of obesity, leading to premature death.
- •Inadequate nutritional training and nutritional standards for learning disability care settings.
- •Poor application of the Mental Capacity Act (MCA) contributes towards premature death.
- •Aims: To increase knowledge and skills of the care workforce regarding healthy eating and the MCA, and to improve food provision by promoting healthy eating recommendations.

Methods

Two training sessions regarding the Eatwell Guide and application of the Mental Capacity Act in managing diet and health



Food provision assessed against the Eatwell Guide pre and post training to evaluate improvements



An Eatwell Guide audit tool to assess current food provision and to highlight improvements



Ethics: consent, flexibility, anonymity, tailoring to needs

Results

Table 1: Examples of change in understanding and knowledge demonstrated by pre and post quiz

No. trained = 10	Answers correct pre %	Answers correct post %
All questions	74	85
Fruit and vegetable portions	80	88
Juice portion size	20	100
Foods high in fat and sugar as a food group	50	78
Calcium daily servings	20	67

Table 2: Examples of changes in meal provision pre and post intervention			
	Pre	Post	
Red meat	5 – 8 servings a week	Swapped minced beef to minced turkey	
Pastry	2 – 4 servings a week	Swapped to pastry-free quiche and sweet potato topping	
Fish	No oily fish served	Trial of salmon	

Discussion

- •It is anticipated that the nutrition and health of overweight and obese residents will improve.
- •Care staff's knowledge improved by attending training and has promoted healthy dietary changes.
- •The Eatwell Guide audit tool highlighted where improvements could be made.

Conclusion

- Important to gain the commitment of the care setting manager.
- •The findings indicate that improved staff knowledge of the Eatwell Guide and Mental Capacity Act improves dietary provision. More evidence is needed.

References:

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